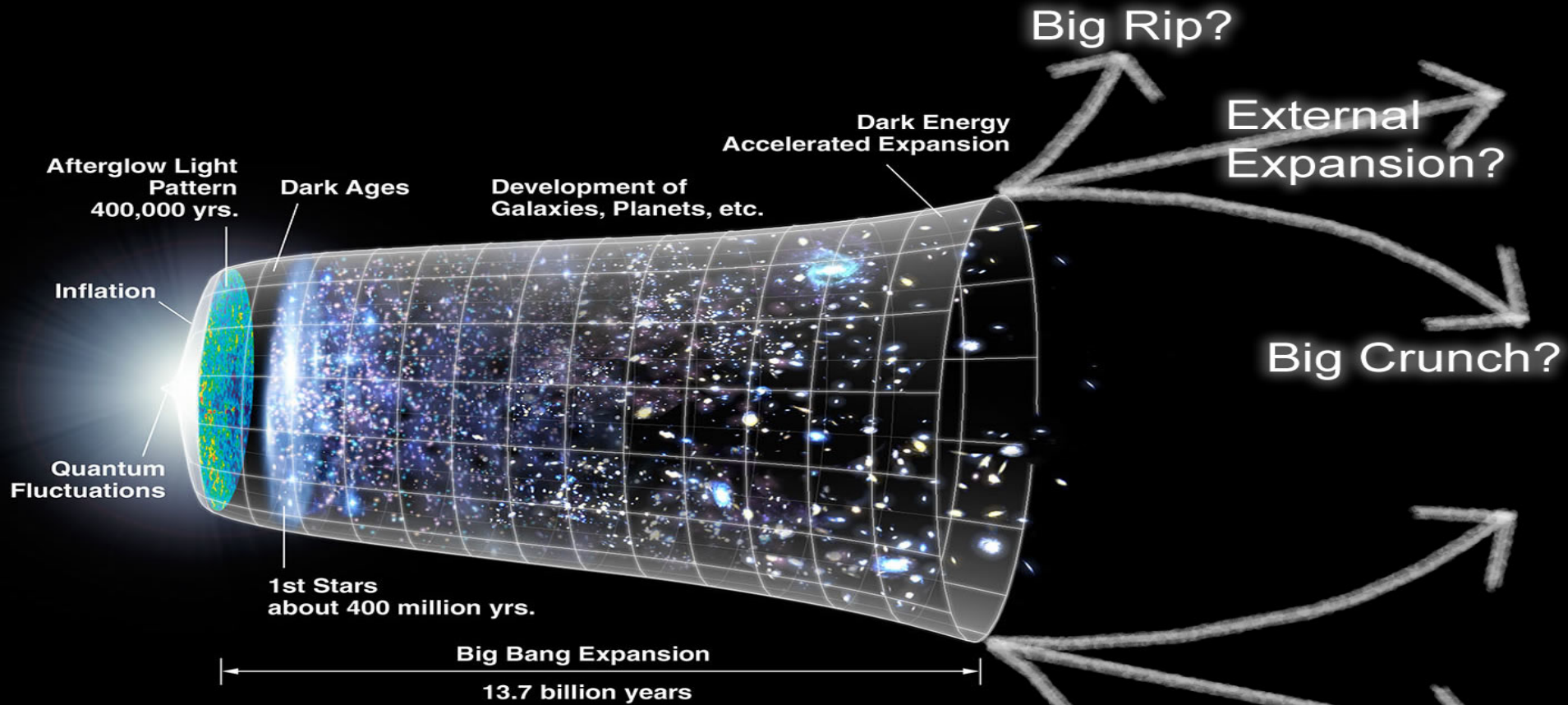


Particle Detector Development for Medical Applications

Joining the Bergen pCT Collaboration

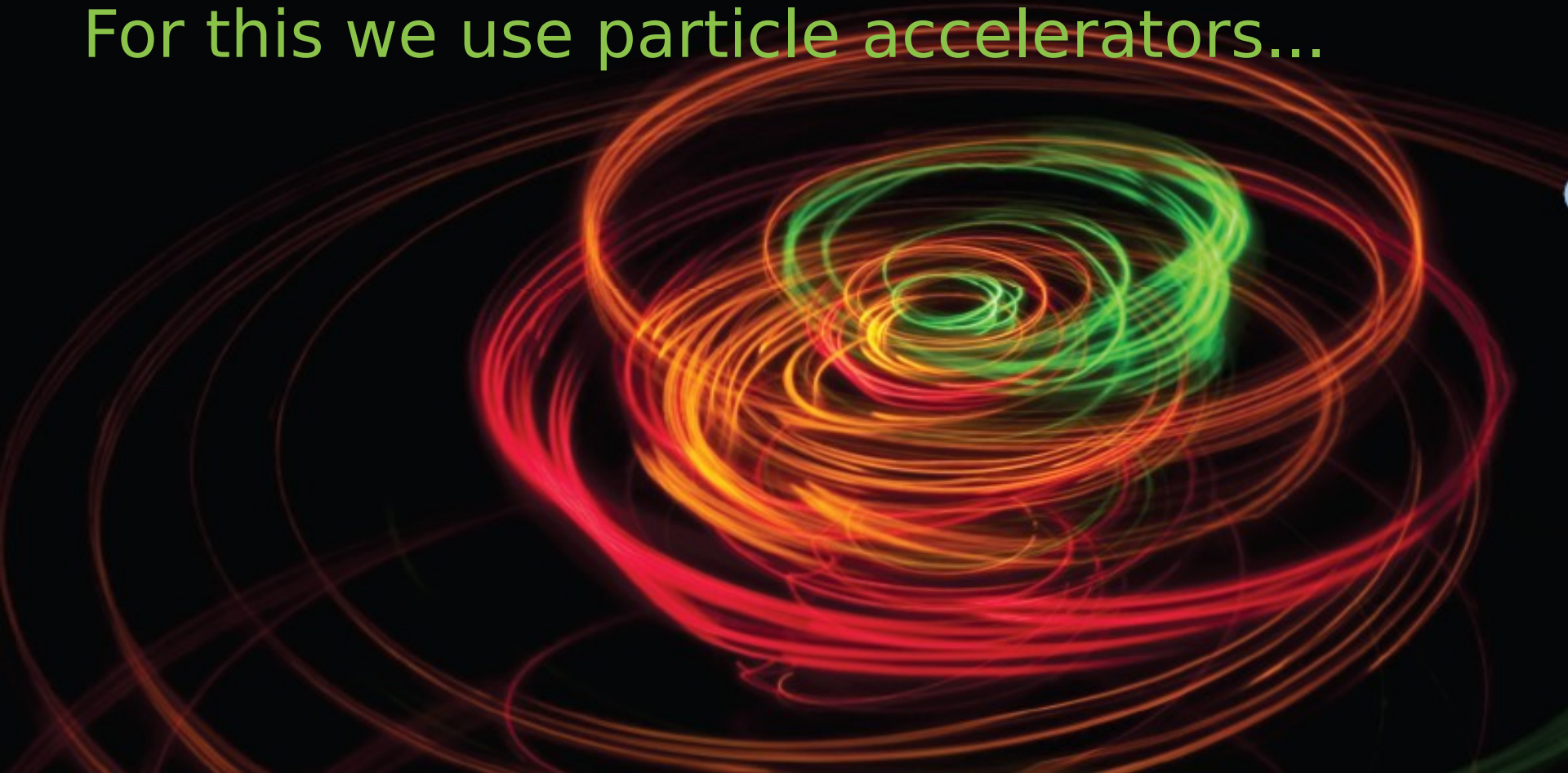
Gergely Gábor Barnaföldi

Wigner RCP of the H.A.S. 15th February 2018



Big things: Where are we going?

For this we use particle accelerators...



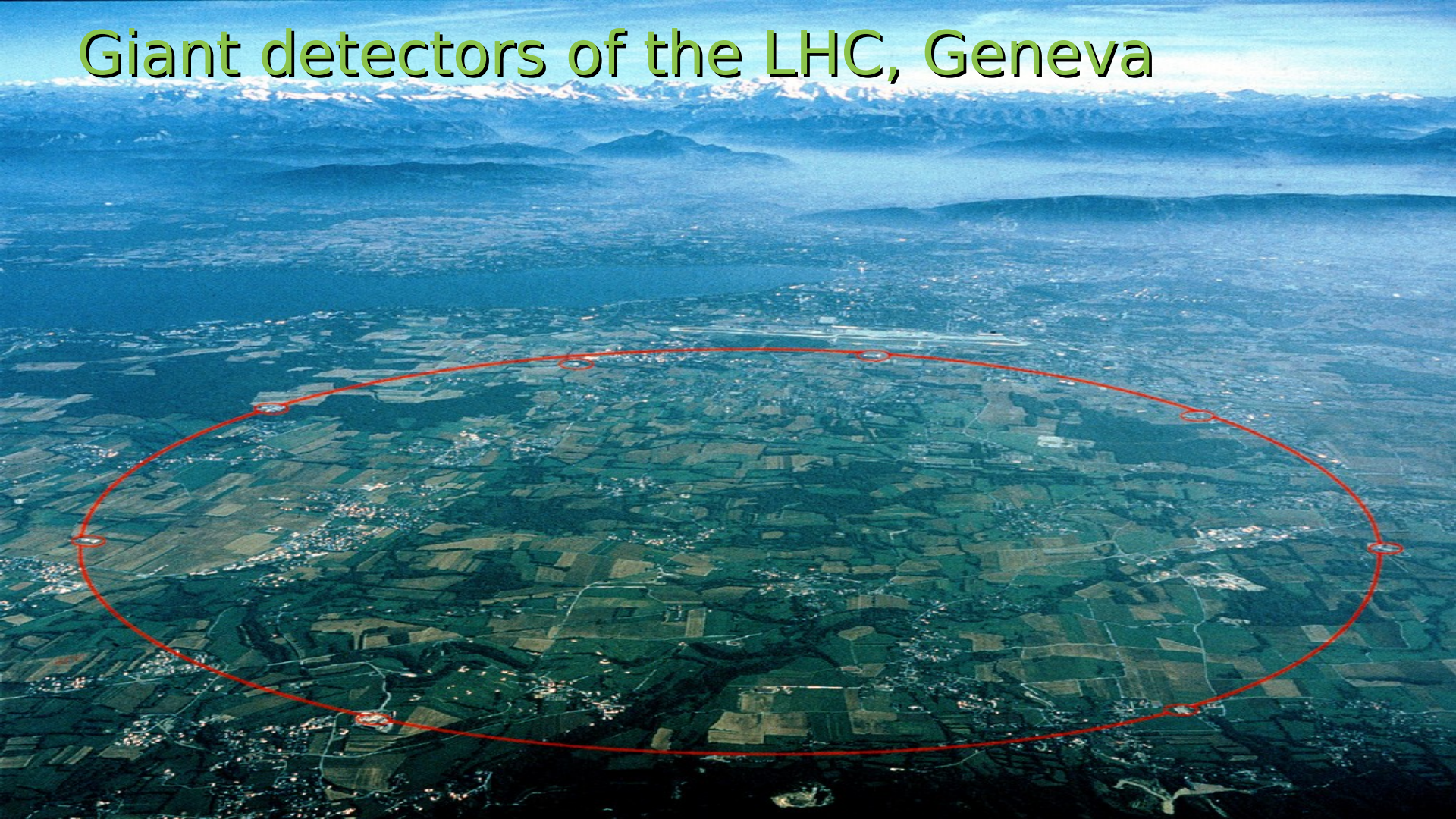
... and collide ions to answer this question

Investigating the inner structure of the matter we need

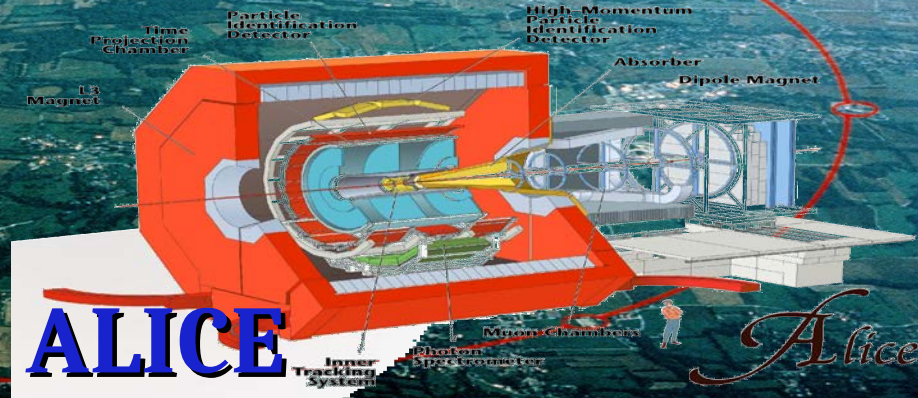
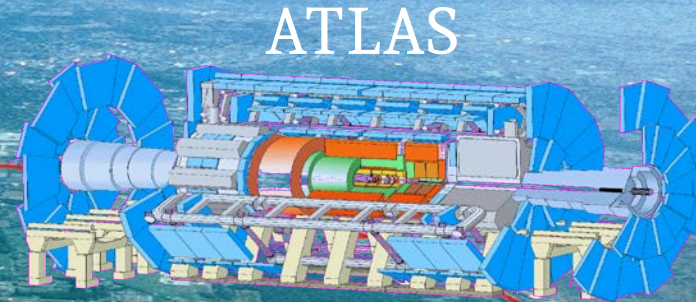
- **particle accelerators** to accelerate the matter
- to make collisions → then **kinetic energy turns to inner energy**
- bindings break to generate → **new particles, primordial matter**
- these particles are measured by the most precise **detectors** ever.



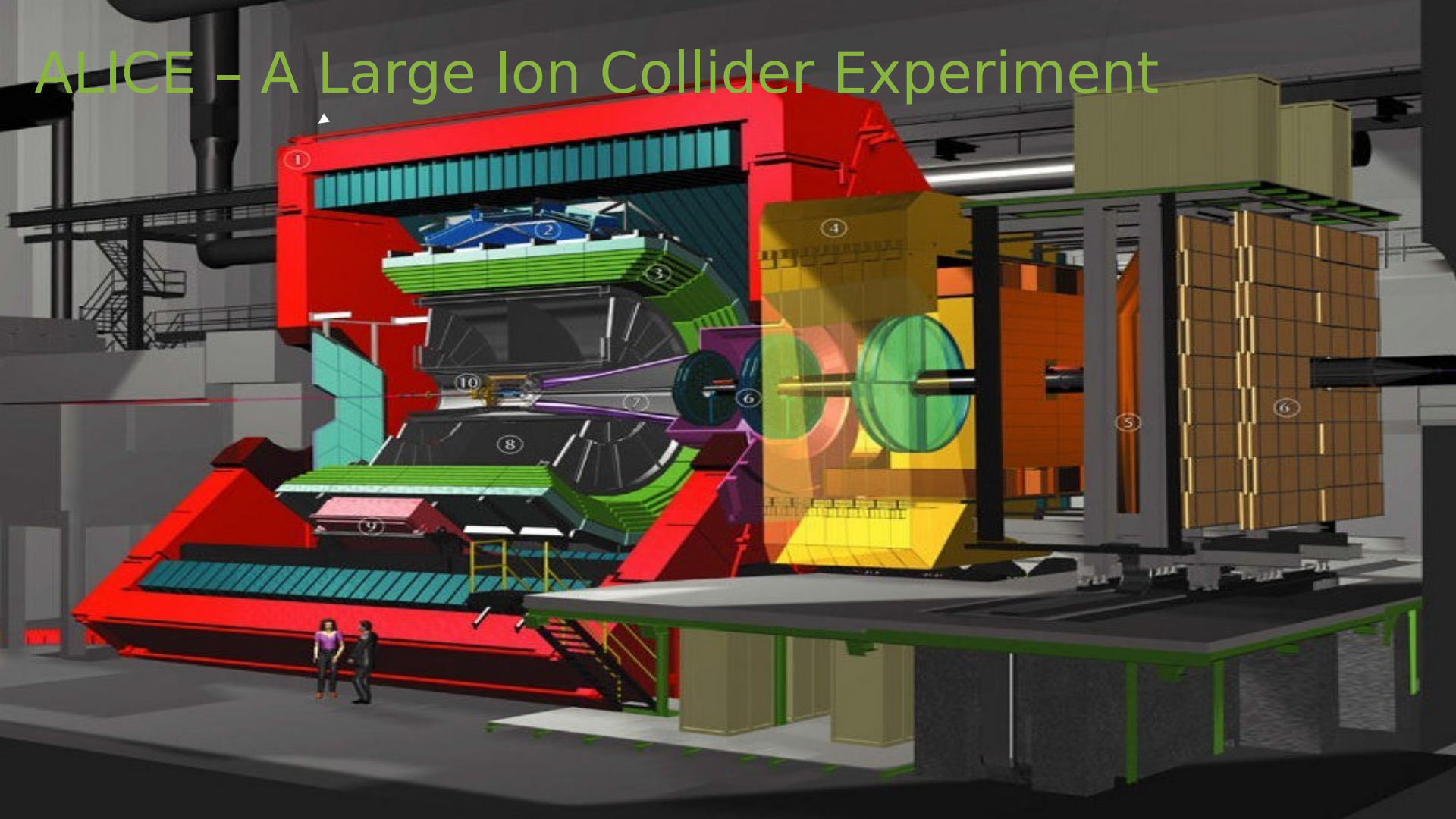
Giant detectors of the LHC, Geneva



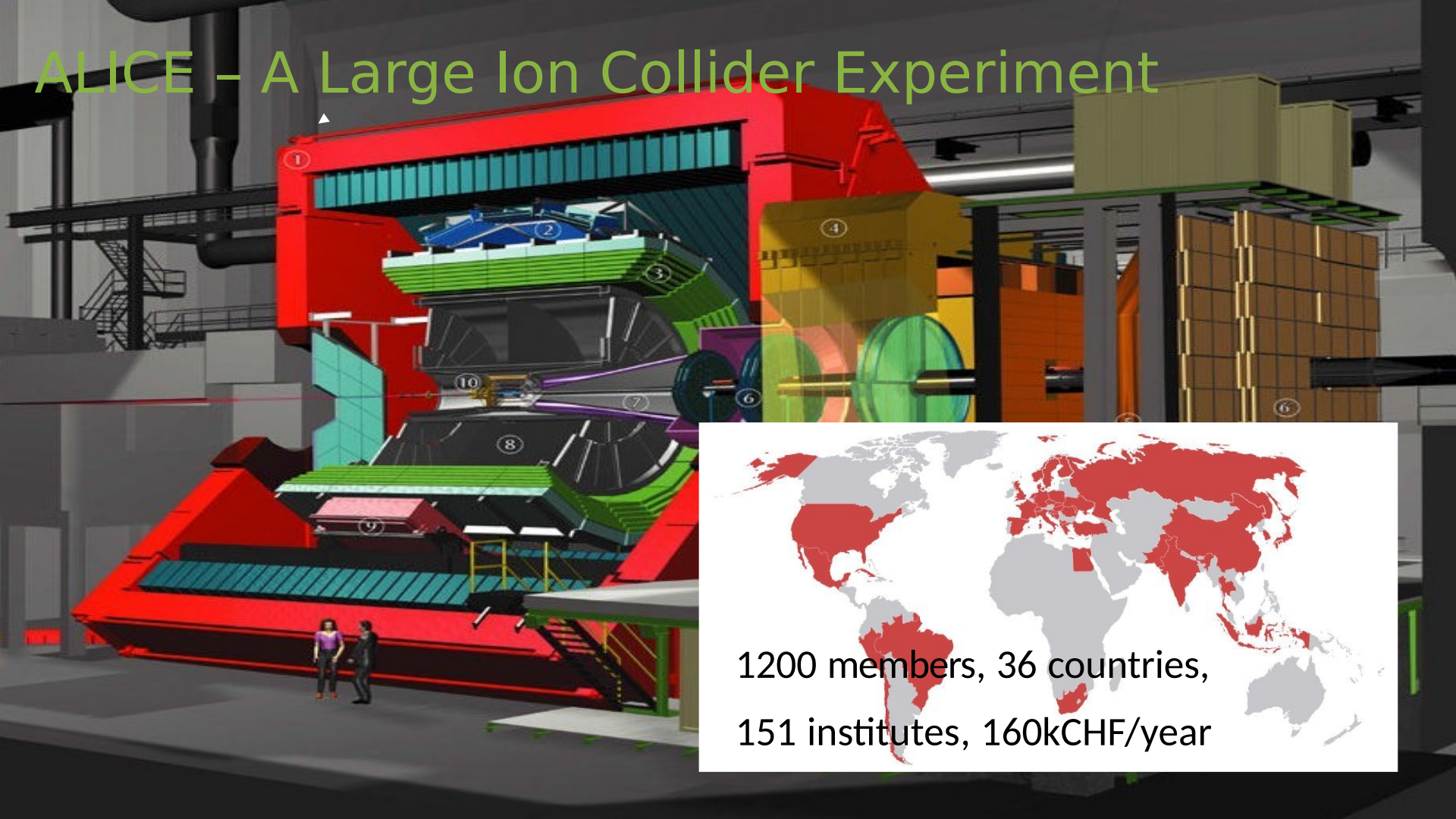
Giant detectors of the LHC, Geneva



ALICE – A Large Ion Collider Experiment



ALICE – A Large Ion Collider Experiment



ALICE upgrade: R&D for Run3 after 2020

ALICE Upgrade

New Inner Tracking System (ITS)

- improved pointing precision
- less material -> thinnest tracker at the LHC

Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- New Micropattern gas detector technology
- continuous readout

New Central Trigger Processor (CTP)

Data Acquisition (DAQ)/ High Level Trigger (HLT)

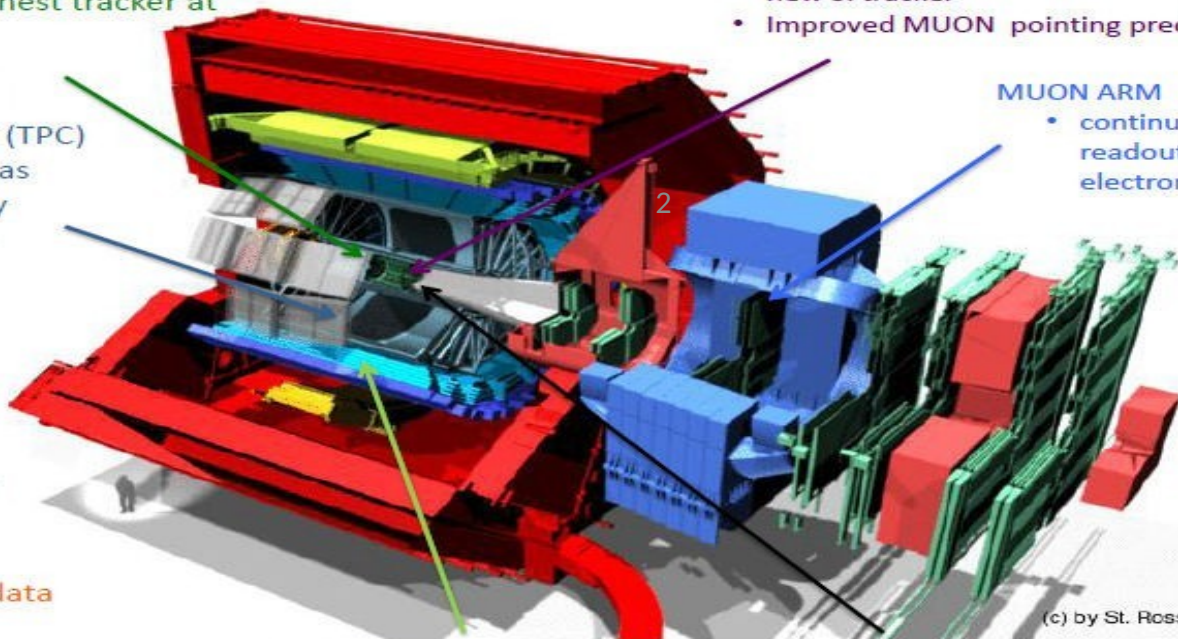
- new architecture
- on line tracking & data compression
- 50kHz PbPb event rate

Muon Forward Tracker (MFT)

- new Si tracker
- Improved MUON pointing precision

MUON ARM

- continuous readout electronics



TOF, TRD

- Faster readout

New Trigger Detectors (FIT)

(c) by St. Rossegger

ALICE upgrade: R&D for Run3 after 2020

ALICE Upgrade

New Inner Tracking System (ITS)

- improved pointing precision
- less material -> thinnest tracker at the LHC

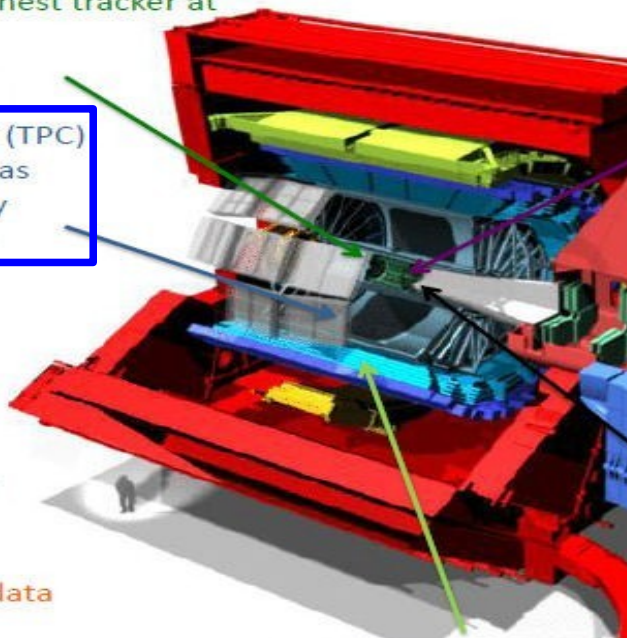
Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- New Micropattern gas detector technology
- continuous readout

New Central Trigger Processor (CTP)

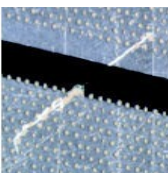
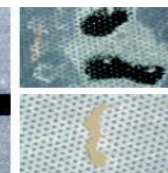
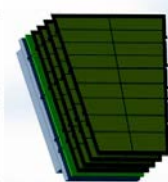
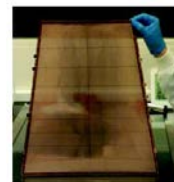
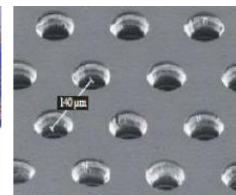
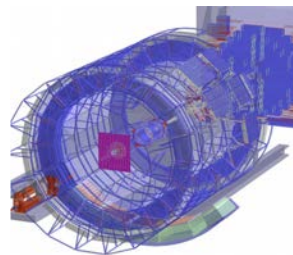
Data Acquisition (DAQ)/ High Level Trigger (HLT)

- new architecture
- on line tracking & data compression
- 50kHz PbPb event rate



TOF, TRD

- Faster readout



ALICE upgrade: R&D for Run3 after 2020

ALICE Upgrade

New Inner Tracking System (ITS)

- improved pointing precision
- less material -> thinnest tracker at the LHC

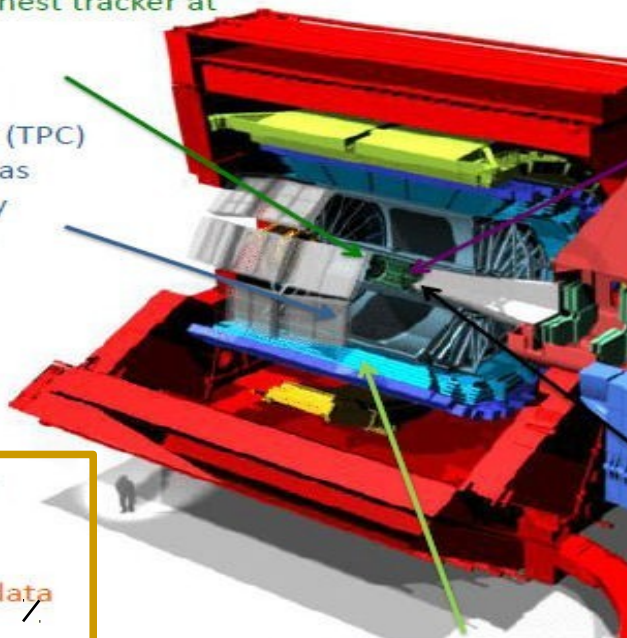
Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- New Micropattern gas detector technology
- continuous readout

New Central Trigger Processor (CTP)

Data Acquisition (DAQ)/ High Level Trigger (HLT)

- new architecture
- on line tracking & data compression
- 50kHz PbPb event rate



TOF, TRD

- Faster readout



ALICE upgrade: R&D for Run3 after 2020

ALICE Upgrade

New Inner Tracking System (ITS)

- improved pointing precision
- less material -> thinnest tracker at the LHC

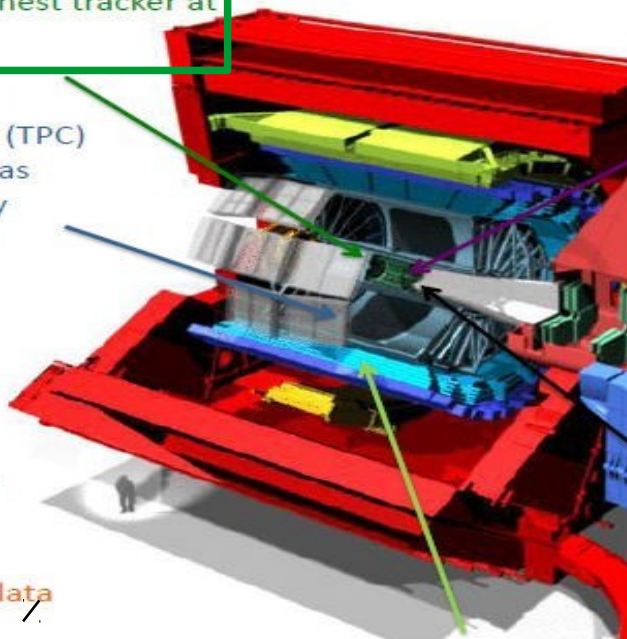
Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- New Micropattern gas detector technology
- continuous readout

New Central Trigger Processor (CTP)

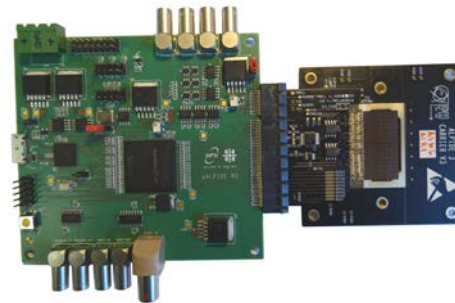
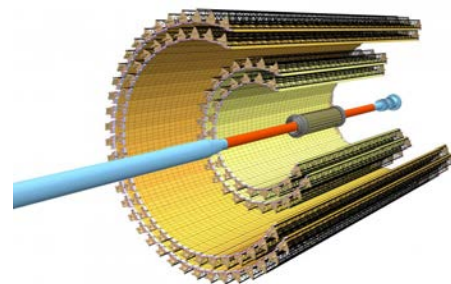
Data Acquisition (DAQ)/ High Level Trigger (HLT)

- new architecture
- on line tracking & data compression
- 50kHz PbPb event rate



TOF, TRD

- Faster readout



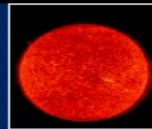
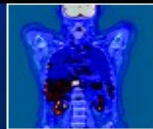
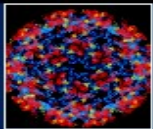
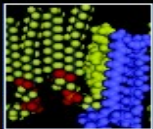
Particle accelerators are good investments!

We have 24 000 particle accelerator working on the Earth ever day.

Only 1% of these, 200, which is in scientific (base science) use.

Accelerators produce 400 billion€ value products per year.

Yearly 75 000 patients are treated by hadron therapy particle accelerators.



Where are we using particle accelerators?

health, epidemiology

food industry, virology

chemistry, material sciences

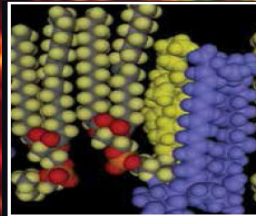
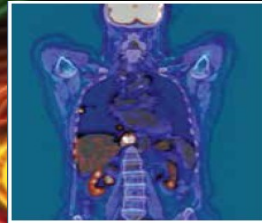
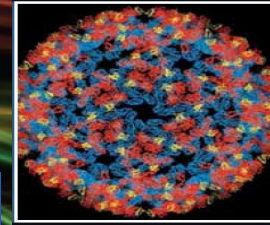
vehicles, space technology

micro-electronics, energetics

semiconductors, defense,

environment protection, cultural

heritage, homeland security



Particle accelerators in medical applications

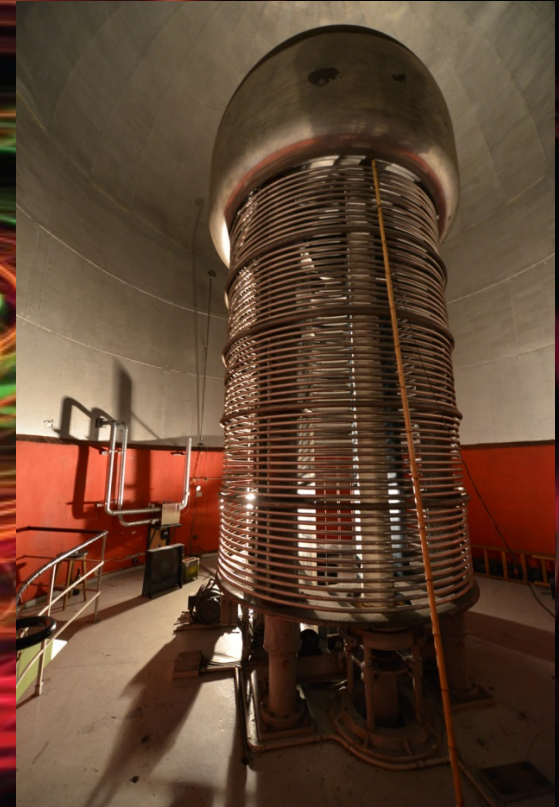
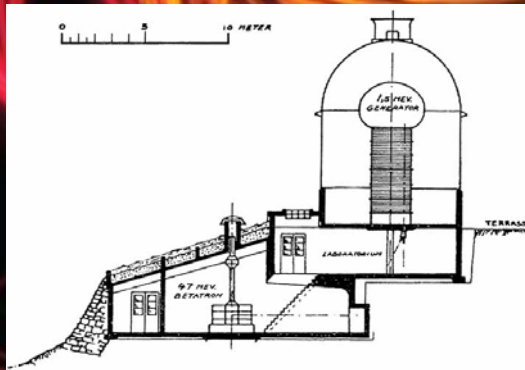
History

1939 Van de Graaf,
Bergen (NO)

1975-1986 LBL,
Berkeley (USA)

1994- NIRS Gunma
(Japan)

1997- GSI, HIT,
(Germany)



Where are we using particle accelerators?

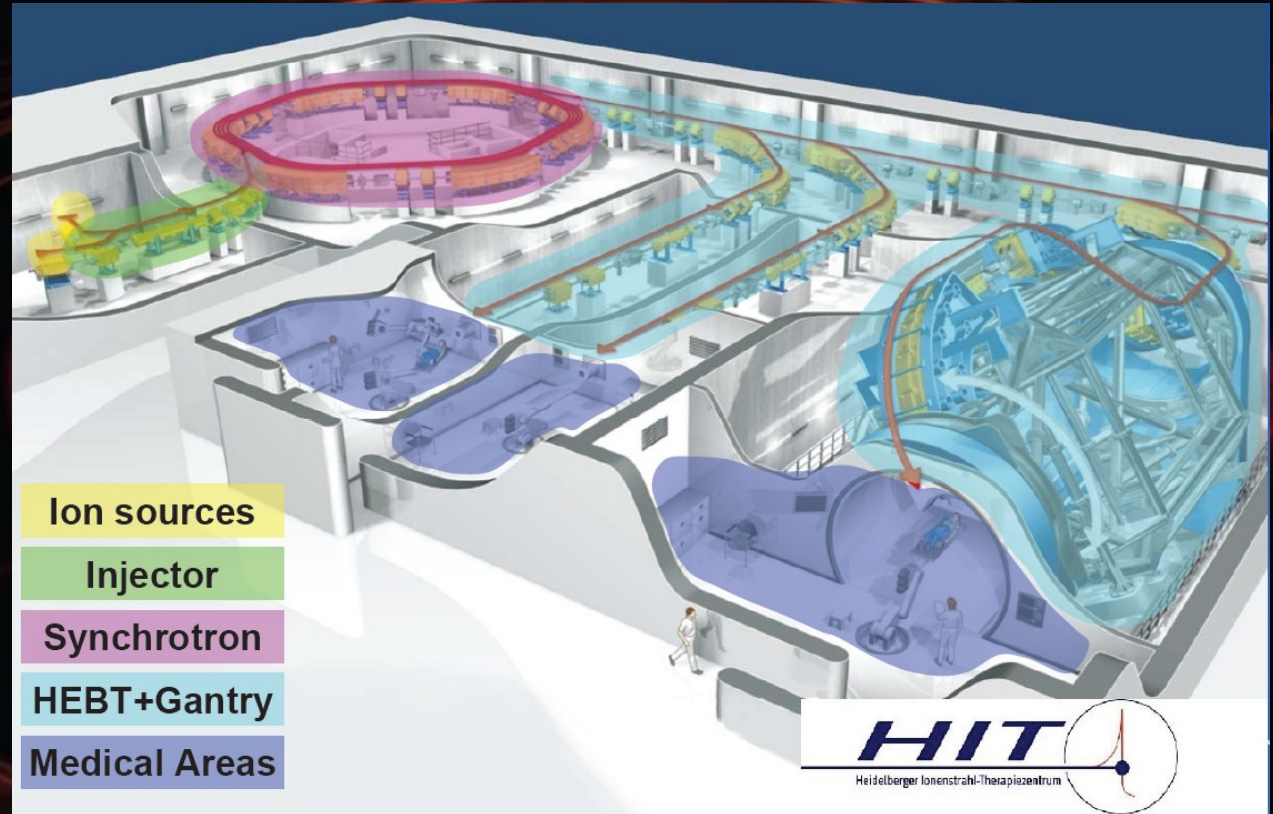
History

1939 Van de Graaf,
Bergen (NO)

1975-1986 LBL,
Berkeley (USA)

1994- NIRS Gunma
(Japan)

1997- GSI, HIT,
(Germany)



Particle physics against cancer...

Radiotherapy is an important weapon in the battle against cancer

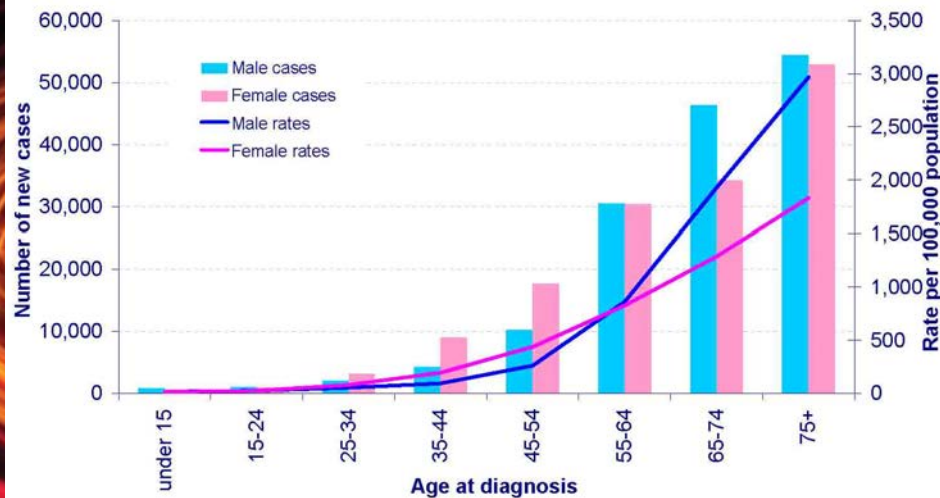
Contributions to successful treatment of cancer

45-50% surgery

40-50% radiotherapy

10-15% chemotherapy

Figure 2.1: Number of new cases and rates, by age and sex, all malignant neoplasms (exc NMSC), UK, 2007



Particle physics against cancer...

Radiotherapy is an important weapon in the battle against cancer

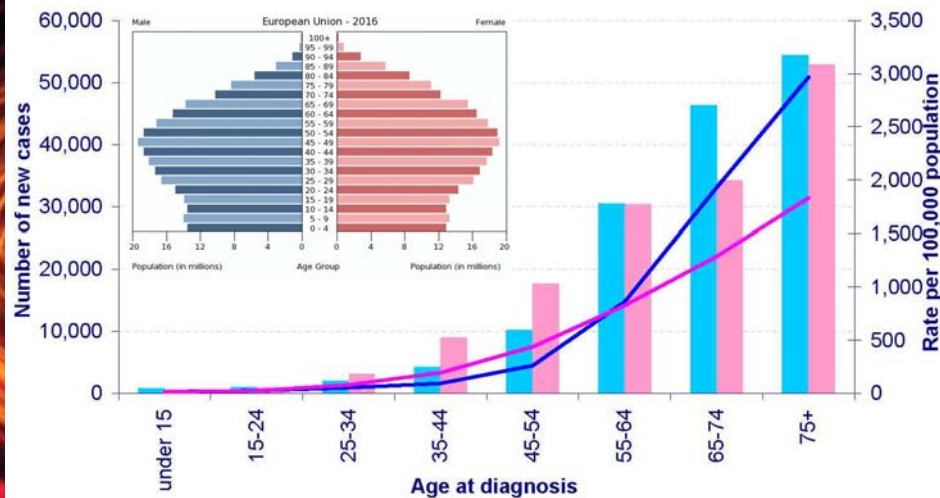
Contributions to successful treatment of cancer

45-50% surgery

40-50% radiotherapy

10-15% chemotherapy

Figure 2.1: Number of new cases and rates, by age and sex, all malignant neoplasms (exc NMSC), UK, 2007



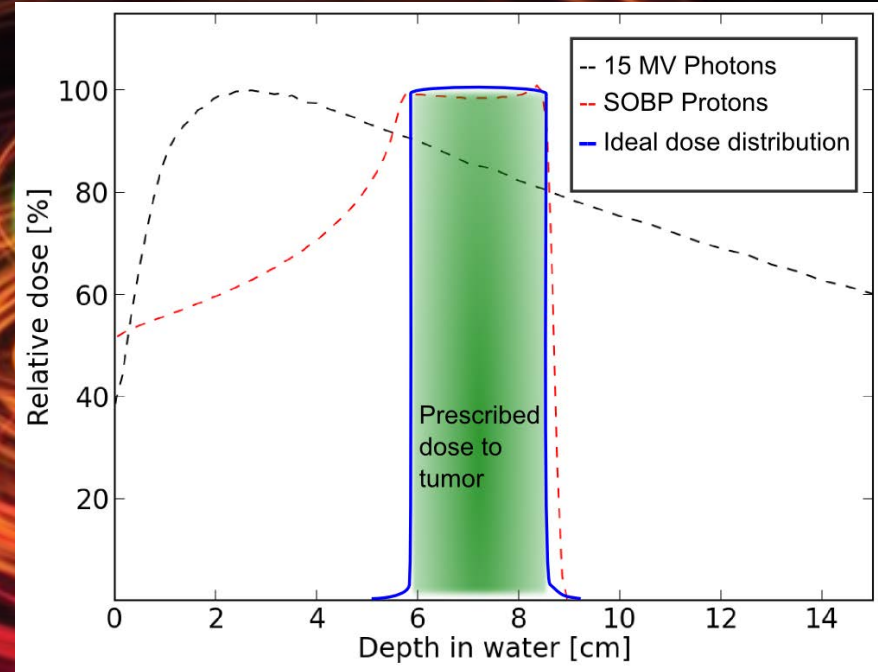
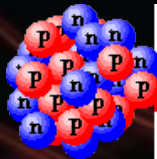
Particle physics against cancer...

The goal of radiation therapy is to irradiate the tumor with the prescribed dose and minimize the dose to healthy tissue

Photons (electromagnetic):



Hadrons (proton, nuclei):



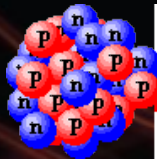
Particle physics against cancer...

The goal of radiation therapy is to irradiate the tumor with the prescribed dose and minimize the dose to healthy tissue

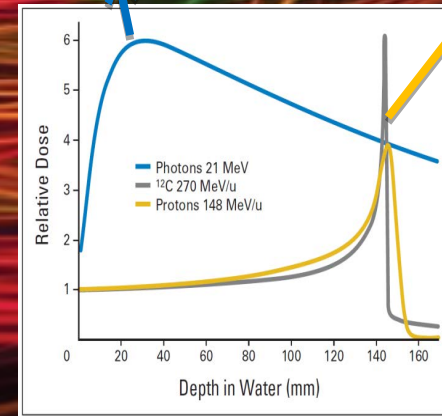
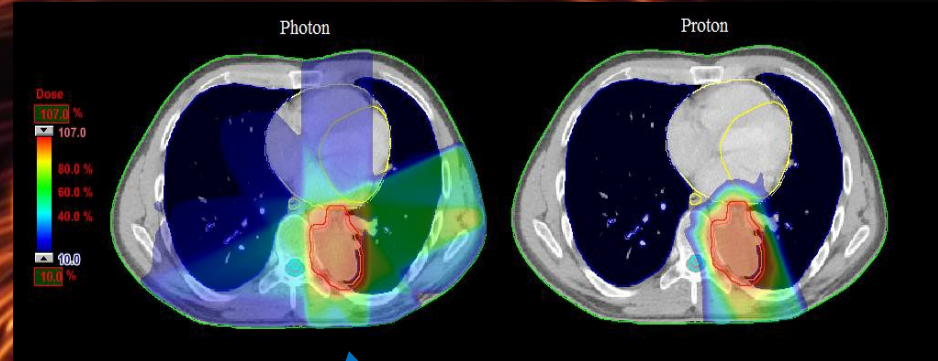
Photons (electromagnetic):



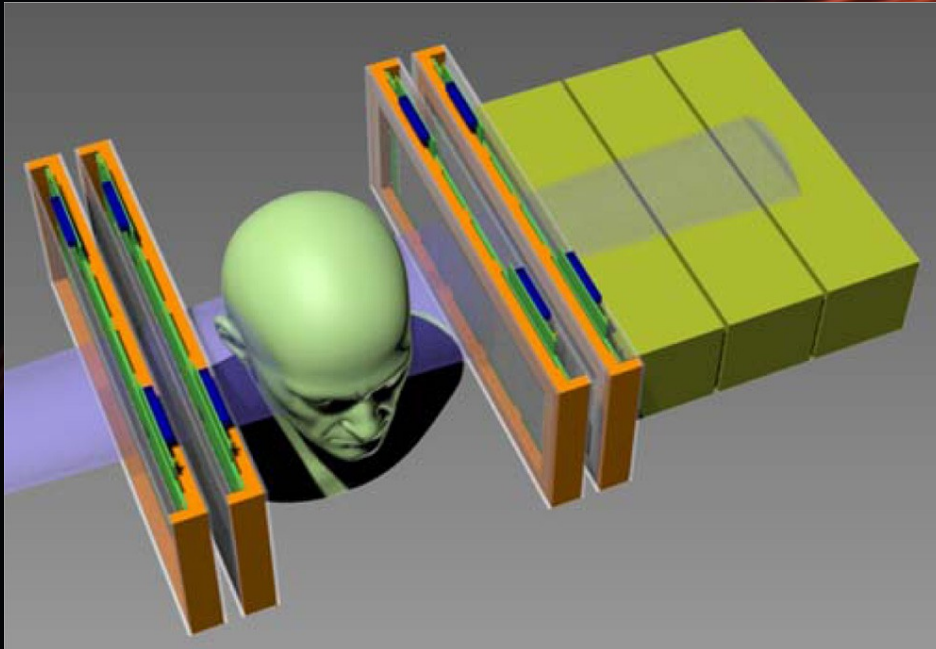
Hadrons (proton, nuclei):



Figur fra Engeseth, GM (Haukeland)



pCT project



H.F.-W. Sadrozinski / Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research A 732 (2013) 34–39

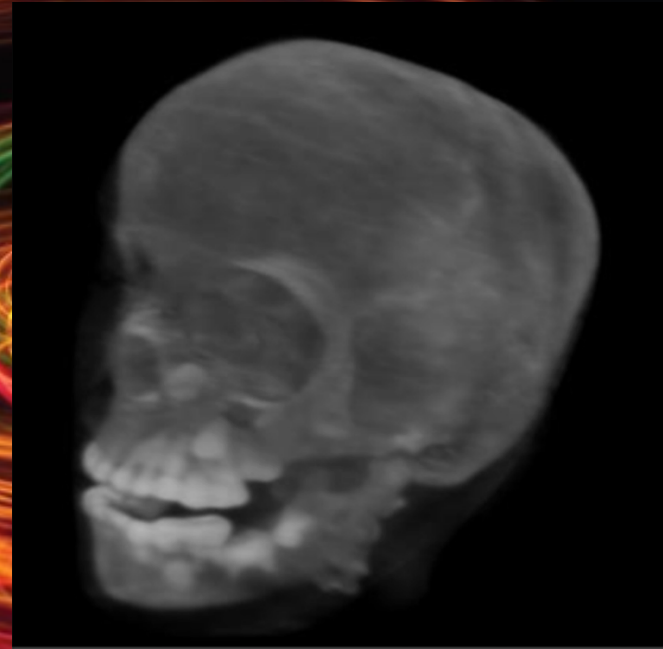
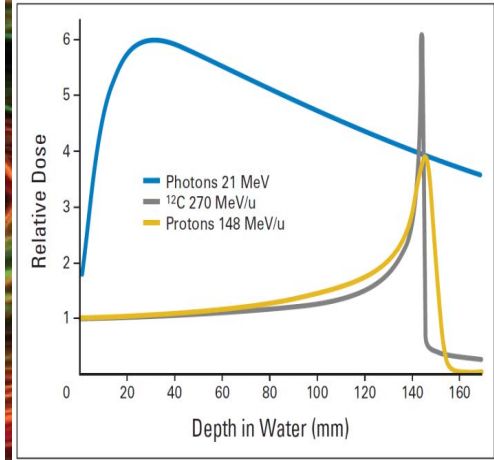
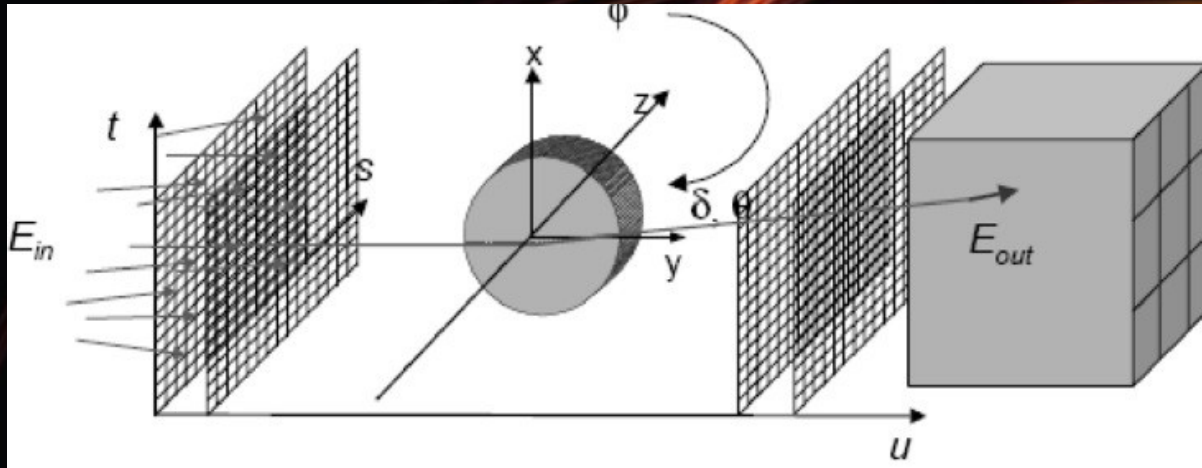


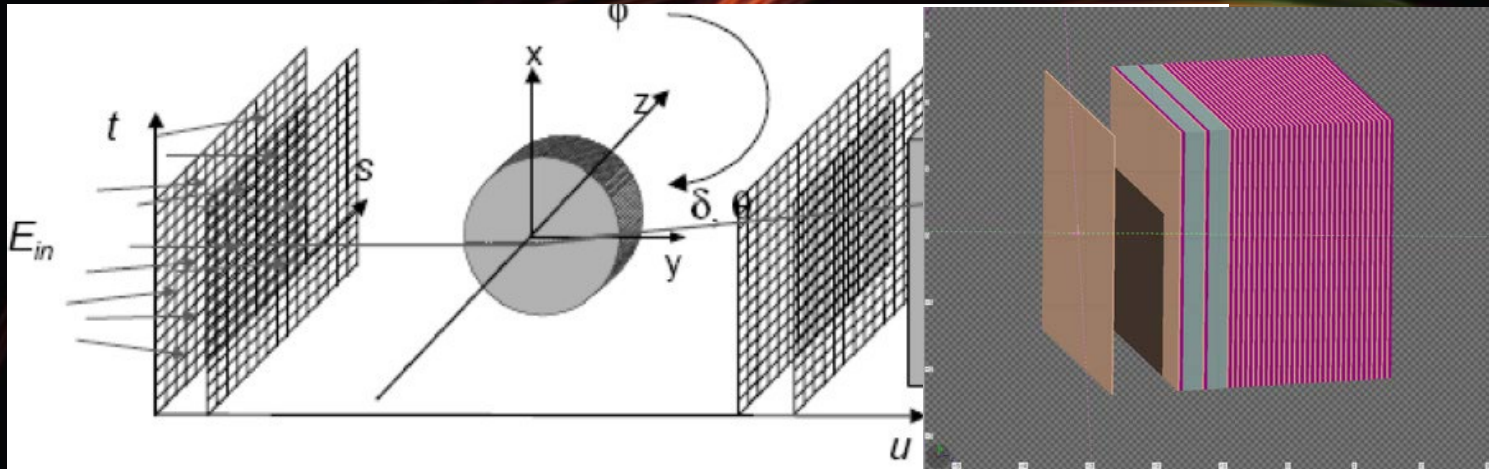
Fig. 14. 3D rendering of the pCT-reconstructed RSP map of a pediatric anthropomorphic head phantom.

V.A. Bashkurov et al. / Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research A 809 (2016) 120–129

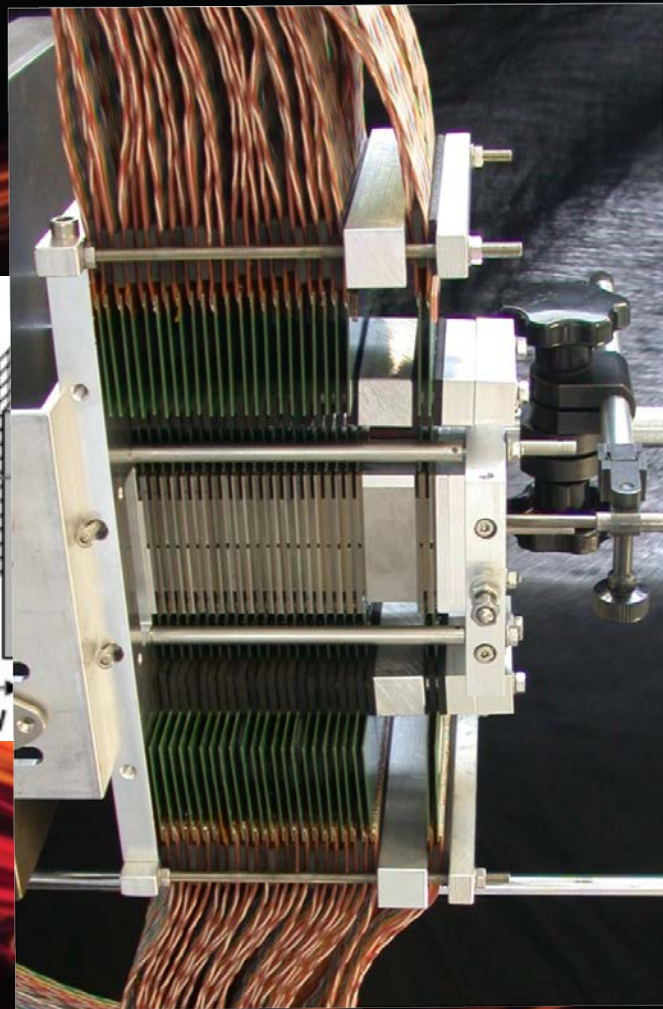
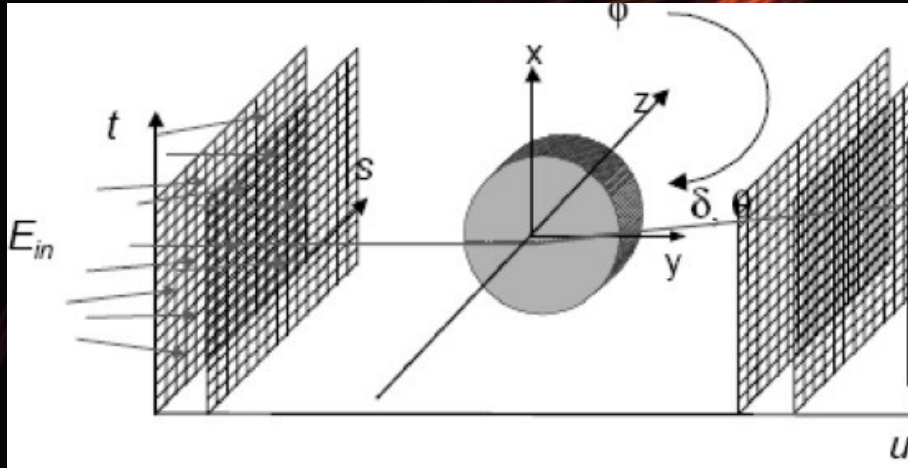
pCT project



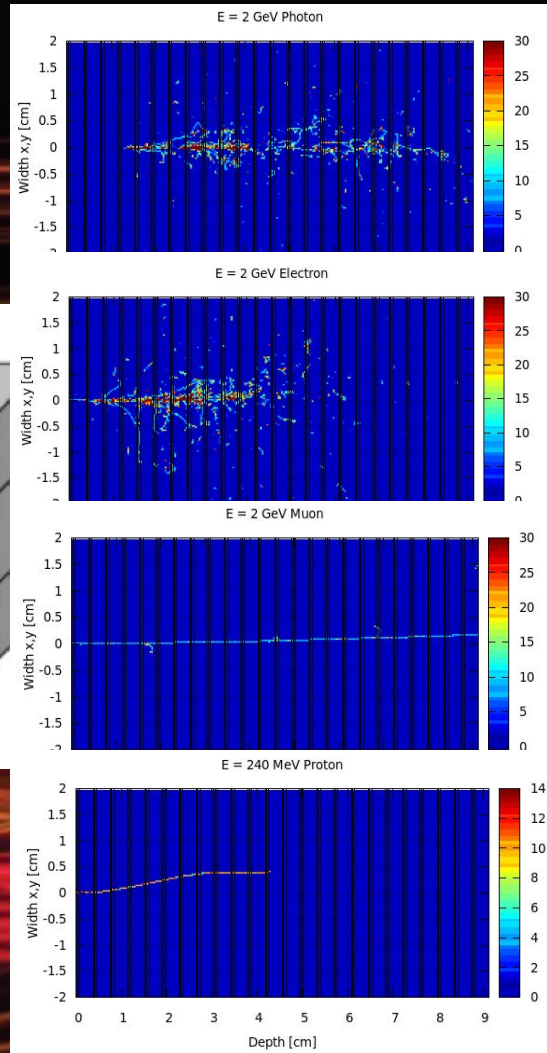
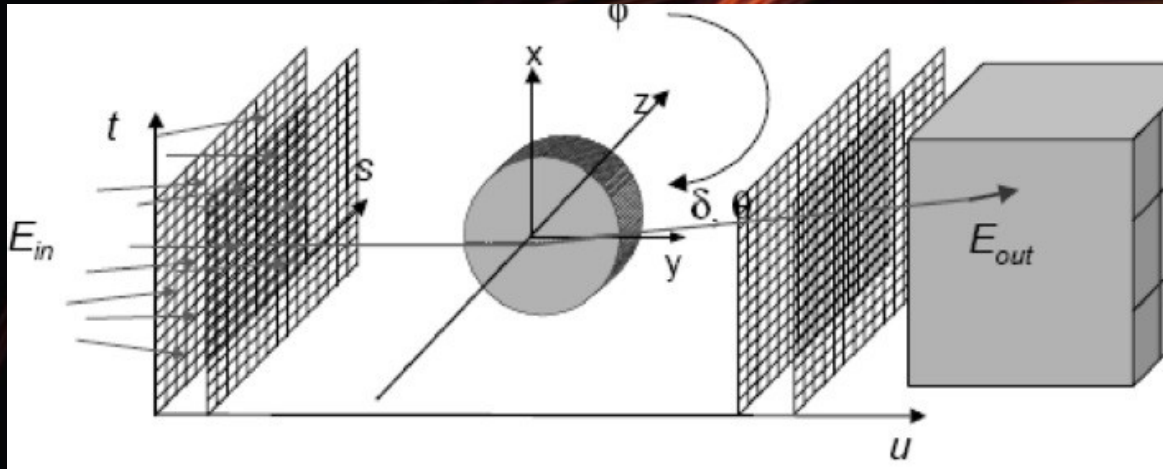
pCT project



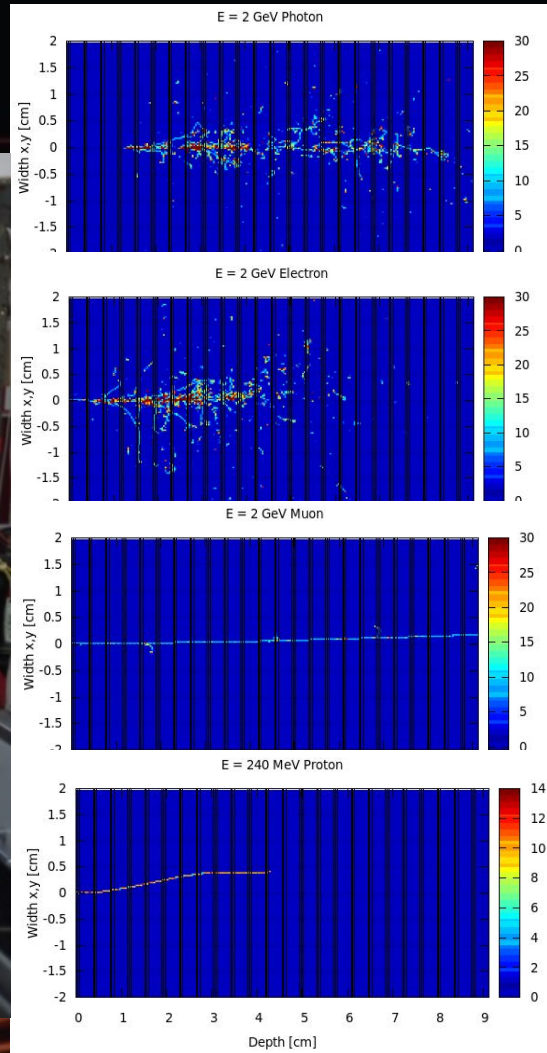
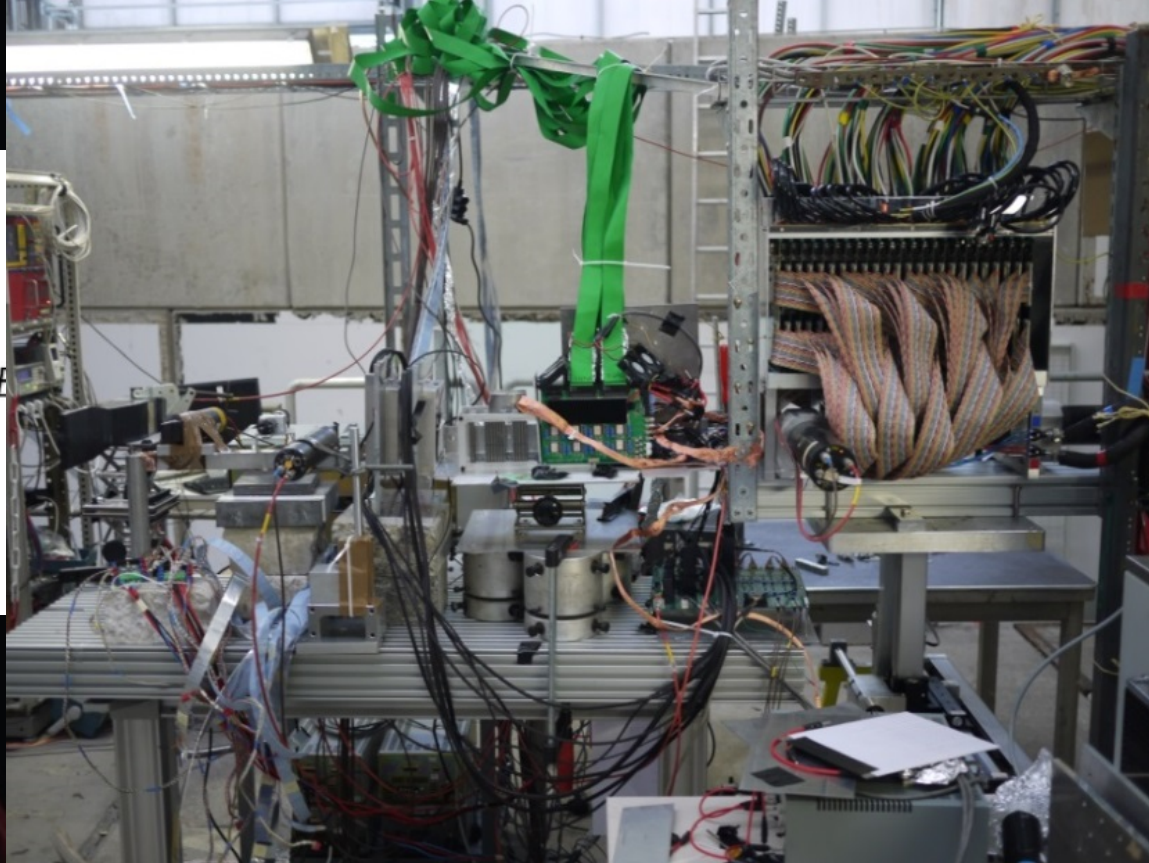
pCT project



pCT project



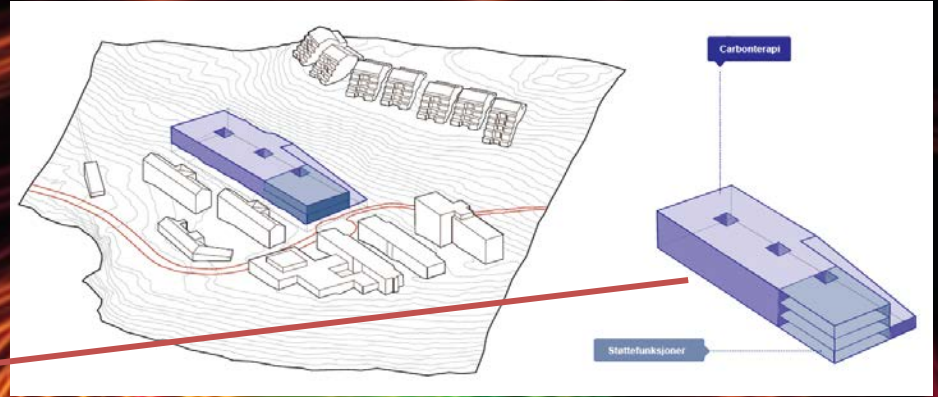
pCT project



Hadron therapy center in Bergen



University Hospital



- Bergen UiB: Prof. Dieter Röhrich



- Budapest Wigner RCP:

GG Barnaföldi, PhD



Mónika Varga-Kőfaragó, PhD*



Prof. Gábor Papp (ELTE)



Ákos Sudár (BSc*, ELTE)

